

# Expanded and extruded polystyrenes distribution and impact in the marine environment

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# The issue of expanded and extruded polystyrenes (EPS/XPS)

- Expanded and extruded polystyrenes have a large diversity of applications due to their numerous properties: Packaging for food and goods, maritime sector, construction sector, ...
- EPS/XPS are also among most frequent litter items found on the coastline
- The OceanWise project is looking for solutions to stop EPS/XPS marine litter
- As part of OceanWise, Cedre is in charge of assessing EPS/XPS presence and impact in the marine environment

What do we know about foamed polystyrene distribution and impact in the marine environment?

# EPS/XPS abundance and distribution in the Atlantic area

## ➤ Analysis of OSPAR beach litter monitoring data over 2018 to 2020

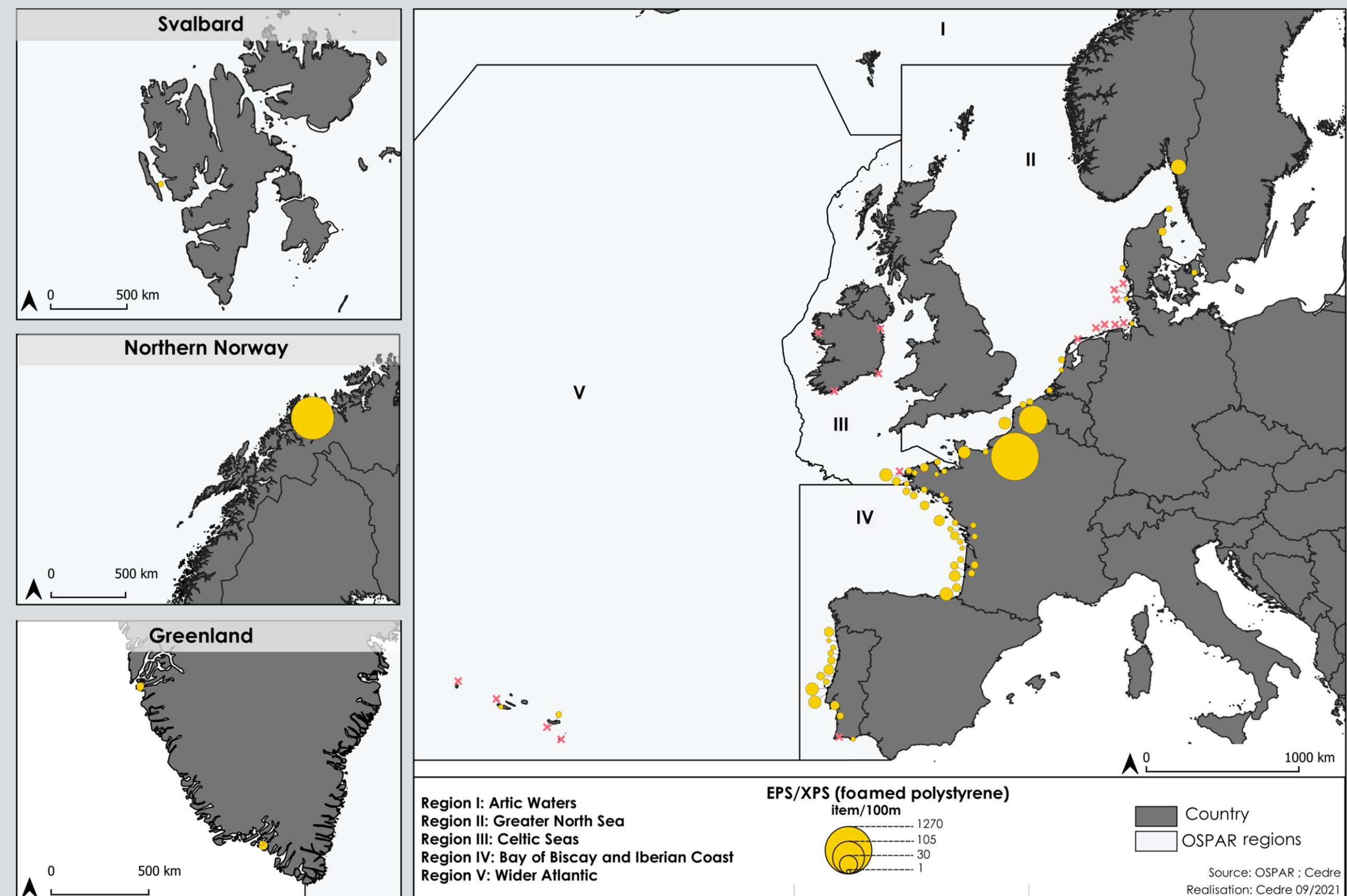
- North East Atlantic coastline (DK, NL, DE, FR, IR, PT)
- 100m survey sites, 4 surveys per year
- Collection and counting of all litter > 5mm

## ➤ EPS/XPS represent **13% of litter collected** EPS/XPS have a **heterogenous distribution** Maximum obtained during a survey :

**-7543 items/ 100m (>2,5 cm)**

-pieces < 2,5 cm too numerous to be counted precisely

**=> *EPS/XPS are common and abundant litter types***





# A pollution consisting mainly of fragments

- **EPS/XPS fragments** are the most abundant polystyrene litter types, representing **97%** of the identified litter items in foamed polystyrene

This is explained by EPS/XPS brittleness

*Example of EPS fragments found on the French coastline*



⇒ *Pollution difficult to recover*

⇒ *Uncertainties regarding its origin*



## A part of EPS/XPS is brought in the ocean by rivers

- ▶ Analysis of French citizen science data (“Plastique à la loupe” Programme, Fondation Tara Océan, Cedre, Observatoire de Banyuls-sur-Mer)  
In France, non-negligible **riverine pollution** by EPS/XPS: **9%** of the total number of items collected  
Items found are **mostly fragments**

*Example of EPS fragments found on French riverbanks*



Seine riverbanks



Liane riverbanks



# EPS/XPS are also found in urban water systems

- ▶ Characterisation of litter found in urban rainwater system in Brest (France)

*Example of EPS/XPS found in an urban rainwater system (Brest)*



*=> A part of EPS/XPS comes from terrestrial sources*






# What about risks for the marine environment?

➤ Plastic materials are known to impact the marine environment in different ways

➤ The OceanWise consortium selected three types of foamed polystyrene:

- An EPS fish box
- An EPS insulation plate
- A XPS food box

Type	fish box	insulating plate	food box
Picture			

➤ Several experiments were launched to study associated risks:

**Toxicity testings**



**Chemical analyses**



**9 weeks incubation  
in Brest marina**



**3 months in a  
weathering equipment**



**10 months weathering on  
Cedre artificial beach**

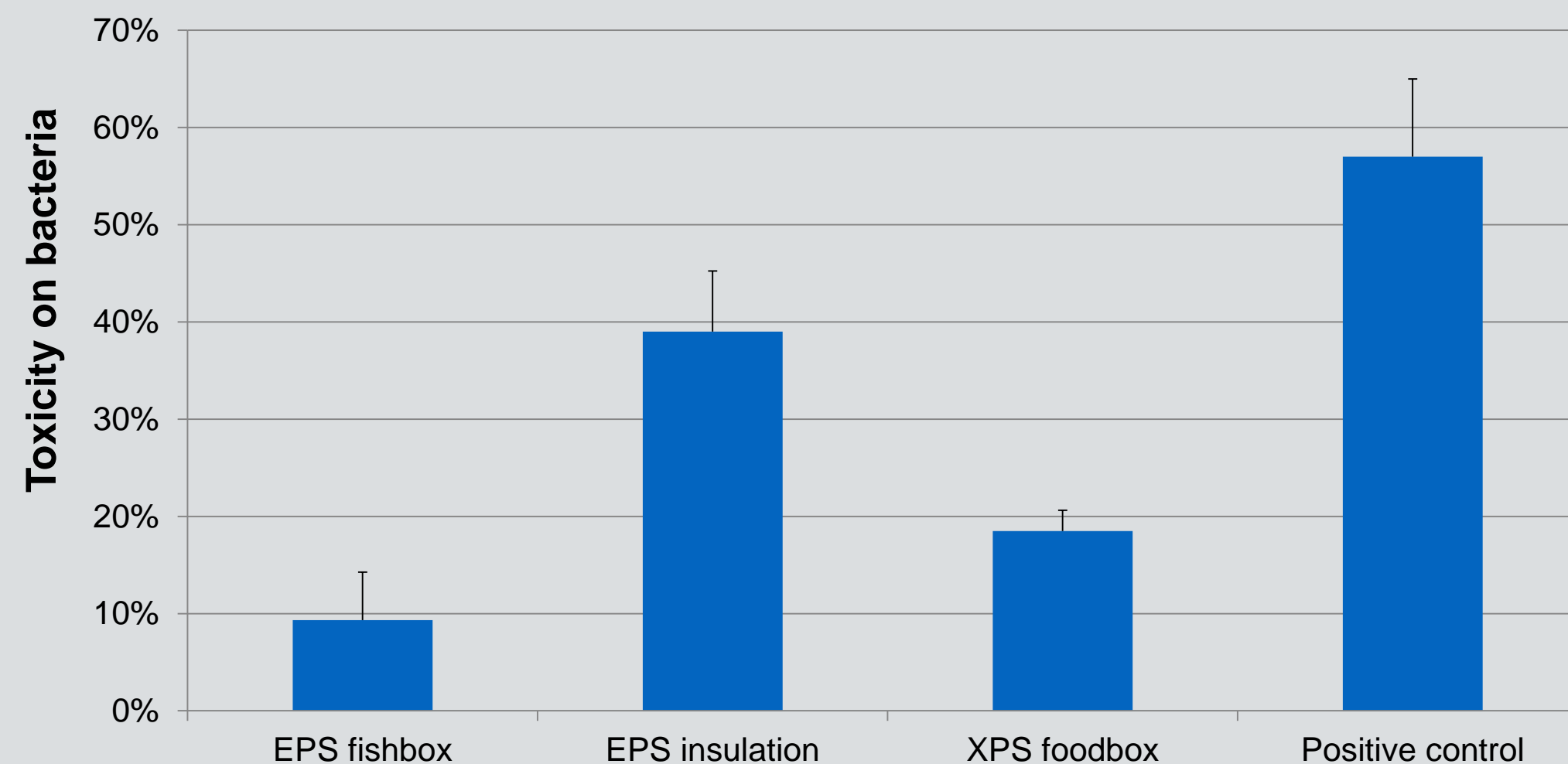


# What did we learn?

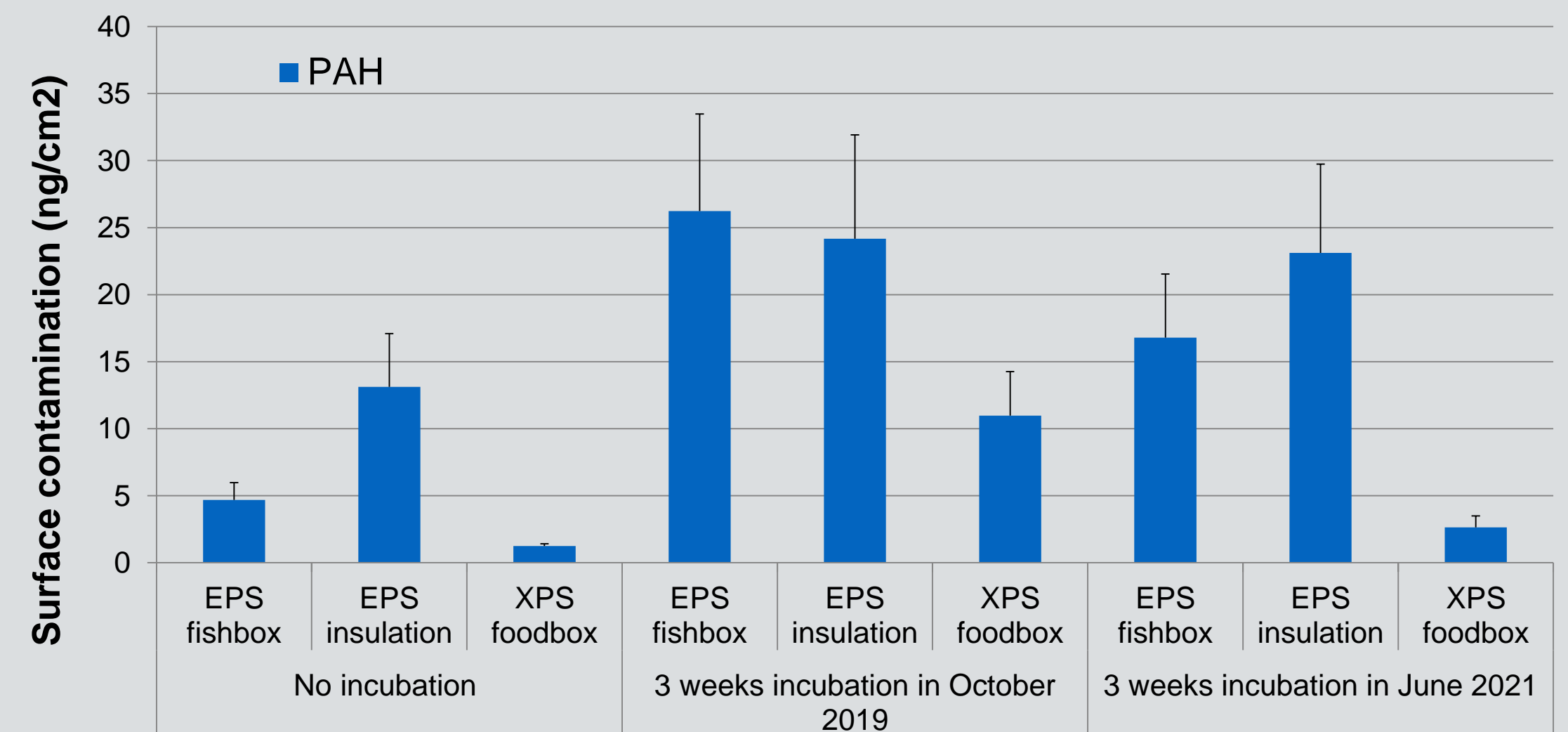
## EPS/XPS:

- contain molecules, which can be released in seawater and exhibit some toxicity
- can adsorb environmental contaminants

*Toxicity of seawater leachates*



*Adsorption of environmental contaminants in Brest marina*





# What did we learn?

- Species can develop on their surface

*Materials after 9 weeks in Brest marina*



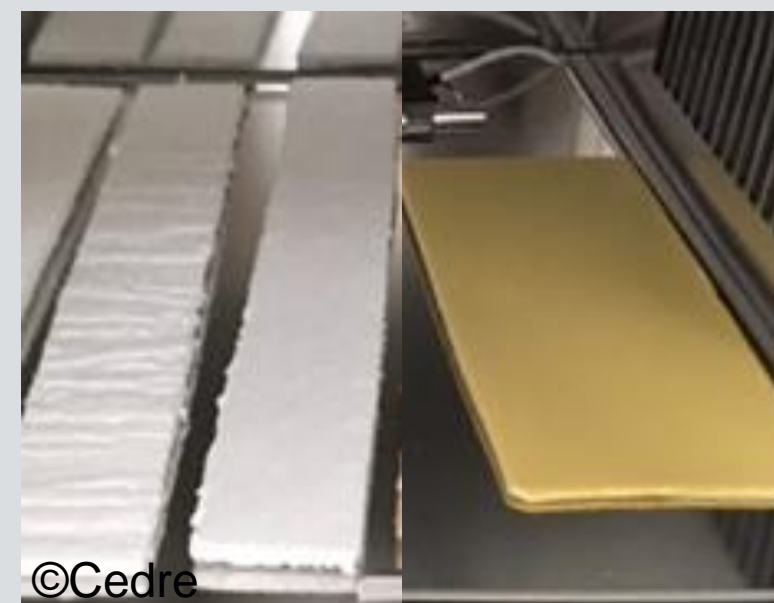
EPS insulation plate



XPS foodbox

- They can weather (photo-oxidation) once in the environment

Unweathered materials



Artificially weathered  
(14 days)



## Other risks

In addition:

- They can degrade and produce microplastics
- They can be ingested by fauna
- They are very light and buoyant, they can drift with winds and currents and be disseminated over long distances



## What about alternative materials?

- Methodologies selected are also being applied on three materials identified as interesting alternatives for fishboxes by the OceanWise consortium:
  - a foamed PLA
  - a foamed PLA+PBAT
  - a foamed PHBH
- Results obtained for the three alternatives will be compared to the ones obtained for foamed polystyrenes
- The methodologies selected in the project could be used to predict risks for the marine environment of new materials put on the market



## Take-home messages

- EPS/XPS are abundant  
Due to their brittleness and lightness, they break down and disseminate in the marine environment
- EPS/XPS can impact the marine environment in different ways

*It appears essential to work on solutions to reduce the presence of EPS/XPS products in the marine environment*

*And for that we need ... you!*

Thank you for your attention